

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Department of Youth Development (DYD)
Economic Acceleration and Resilience for NEET (EARN) Project
Level-19, National Sports Council Tower
62/3, Purana Paltan, Dhaka-1000
www.dyd.gov.bd

Notification of Award (NOA)

No: 34.01.0000.046.07.089.25.806

Date: 07 July 2026

To:

Authorized Representative
CARE Bangladesh JV
RAOWA Complex, Level-7, VIP Road
Mohakhali, Dhaka-1212, Bangladesh.

This is to notify you that your Proposal dated 17 June 2025 for the execution of the Consulting Services for Package No. S10: Selection of Service Provider for Operating VLTCs at Khulna Division for the Contract Price of BDT 115,67,05,845.00 (One hundred fifteen crore six-seven lac five thousand eight hundred forty-five taka only) including all local taxes as evaluated in accordance with the Instructions to Consultants, has been approved by the competent authority.

You are, thus, requested to take following actions:

- i. sign the Contract within 10 (ten) business days of issuance of this letter but no later than 21 July 2026 in accordance with ITC Clause 32.1. including anticorruption guidelines of the World Bank attached herewith.
- ii. sign and return the "Beneficial Ownership Disclosure Form" within 8 (eight) business days but no later than 19 July 2026.

This Contract will become effective on the date mentioned in the PCC.

You may proceed with the execution of the Services upon completion of the above tasks and the contract being effective.

We attach the draft Contract and all other documents for your perusal and signature.



(Kazi Moklesur Rahman)
Project Director (Additional Secretary)
Email: pd.earn@dyd.gov.bd
Date: 07 July 2026

Copy for kind information:

1. Director General (Grade-1), Department of Youth Development, Jubo Bhavan, 108 Motijheel C/A, Dhaka-1000.
2. PS to Honorable State Minister, Ministry of Youth and Sports, Bangladesh Secretariate, Dhaka-1000.
3. PS to Secretary, Ministry of Youth and Sports, Bangladesh Secretariate, Dhaka-1000.
4. Office File.

Bank Directive

Guidelines on Preventing and Combating Fraud and Corruption in Projects Financed by IBRD Loans and IDA Credits and Grants (revised as of July 1, 2016)

Bank Access to Information Policy Designation
Public

Catalogue Number
LEGVP5.09-DIR.117

Issued
July 19, 2016

Effective
July 1, 2016

Content
These Guidelines are designed to prevent and combat Fraud and Corruption (as hereinafter defined) that may occur in connection with the use of proceeds of financing from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) or the International Development Association (IDA) during the preparation and/or implementation of projects supported by Investment Project Financing (IPF). They set out the general principles, requirements and sanctions applicable to persons and entities which receive, are responsible for the deposit or transfer of, or take or influence decisions regarding the use of, such proceeds.

Applicable to
IBRD, IDA

Issuer
Senior Vice President and General Counsel, LEGVP

Sponsor
Chief Counsel, LEGOP

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'Q' followed by a horizontal line extending to the right.

GUIDELINES

On Preventing and Combating Fraud and Corruption in Projects Financed by IBRD Loans and IDA Credits and Grants

Dated October 15, 2006 and Revised in January 2011 and as of July 1, 2016

Purpose and General Principles

1. These Guidelines are designed to prevent and combat Fraud and Corruption (as hereinafter defined) that may occur in connection with the use of proceeds of financing from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) or the International Development Association (IDA) during the preparation and/or implementation of projects supported by Investment Project Financing (IPF). They set out the general principles, requirements and sanctions applicable to persons and entities which receive, are responsible for the deposit or transfer of, or take or influence decisions regarding the use of, such proceeds.

2. All persons and entities referred to in paragraph 1 above must observe the highest standard of ethics. Specifically, all such persons and entities must take all appropriate measures to prevent and combat Fraud and Corruption, and refrain from engaging in, Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of the proceeds of the IBRD or IDA financing.

Legal Considerations

3. The Legal Agreement¹ providing for a Loan² governs the legal relationships between the Borrower³ and the Bank⁴ with respect to the particular project for which the

¹References in these Guidelines to "Legal Agreement" include any Loan Agreement providing for an IBRD loan or Financing Agreement providing for an IDA credit or grant, any Guarantee Agreement providing for a guarantee by the Member Country of such IBRD Loan, any agreement providing for a project preparation advance or Institutional Development Fund (IDF) Grant, Trust Fund Grant or Loan Agreement providing for a recipient-executed trust fund grant or loan in cases where these Guidelines are made applicable to such agreement, and any Project Agreement with a Project Implementing Entity related to any of the above.

²References to "Loan" or "Loans" include IBRD IPF loans as well as IDA IPF credits and grants, project preparation advances, IDF grants and recipient-executed trust fund grants or loans for projects to which these Guidelines are made applicable under the agreement providing for such grant and/or loan. These Guidelines do not apply to (i) Program for Results (PforR) financing or (ii) Development Policy Operations (DPOs), unless the Bank agrees with the Borrower on specified purposes for which Loan proceeds may be used, or (iii) IBRD/IDA guarantee operations.

³References in these Guidelines to the "Borrower" include the borrower of an IBRD loan or the recipient of an IDA credit or grant or of a trust fund grant or loan. In some cases, an IBRD Loan may be made to an entity other than the Member Country. In such cases, references in these Guidelines to "Borrower" include the Member Country as Guarantor of the Loan, unless the context requires otherwise. In some cases, the project, or a part of the project, is carried out by a Project Implementing Entity with which the Bank has entered into a Project Agreement. In such cases, references in these Guidelines to the "Borrower" include the Project Implementing Entity, as defined in the Legal Agreement.

⁴References in these Guidelines to the "Bank" include both IBRD and IDA, whether acting in their own capacity or as administrator of trust funds financed by other donors.

Loan is made. The responsibility for the implementation of the project⁵ under the Legal Agreement, including the use of Loan proceeds, rests with the Borrower. The Bank, for its part, has a fiduciary duty under its Articles of Agreement to "make arrangements to ensure that the proceeds of any loan are used only for the purposes for which the loan was granted, with due attention to considerations of economy and efficiency and without regard to political or other non-economic influences or considerations."⁶ These Guidelines constitute an important element of those arrangements and are made applicable to the preparation and implementation of the project as provided in the Legal Agreement.

Scope of Application

4. The following provisions of these Guidelines cover Fraud and Corruption that may occur in connection with the use of Loan proceeds during the preparation and implementation of a project financed, in whole or in part, by the Bank. These Guidelines cover Fraud and Corruption in the direct diversion of Loan proceeds for ineligible expenditures, as well as Fraud and Corruption engaged in for the purpose of influencing any decision as to the use of Loan proceeds. All such Fraud and Corruption is deemed, for purposes of these Guidelines, to occur in connection with the use of Loan proceeds.

5. These Guidelines apply to the Borrower and all other persons or entities which either receive Loan proceeds for their own use (e.g., "end users"), persons or entities such as fiscal agents which are responsible for the deposit or transfer of Loan proceeds (whether or not they are beneficiaries of such proceeds), and persons or entities which take or influence decisions regarding the use of Loan proceeds. All such persons and entities are referred to in these Guidelines as "recipients of Loan proceeds", whether or not they are in physical possession of such proceeds.⁷

6. These Guidelines apply to the procurement of goods, works, non-consulting services and consulting services financed (in whole or in part) out of the proceeds of a Loan from the Bank. Additional specific requirements relating to Fraud and Corruption in connection with such procurement are set out in Annex IV of the World Bank Procurement Regulations for Borrowers under Investment Project Financing, dated July 1, 2016, as the same may be amended from time to time.

⁵References in these Guidelines to the "project" means the Project as defined in the Legal Agreement.

⁶ IBRD's Articles of Agreement, Article III, Section 5(b); IDA's Articles of Agreement, Article V, Section 1(g).

⁷ Certain persons or entities may fall under more than one category identified in paragraph 5 of these Guidelines. A financial intermediary, for example, may receive payment for its services, will transfer funds to end users and will make or influence decisions regarding the use of Loan proceeds.

Definitions of Practices Constituting Fraud and Corruption

7. These Guidelines address the following defined sanctionable practices when engaged in by recipients of Loan proceeds in connection with the use of such proceeds:⁸

- a) A “corrupt practice” is the offering, giving, receiving or soliciting, directly or indirectly, of anything of value to influence improperly the actions of another party.⁹
- b) A “fraudulent practice” is any act or omission, including a misrepresentation, that knowingly or recklessly¹⁰ misleads, or attempts to mislead, a party to obtain a financial or other benefit or to avoid an obligation.
- c) A “collusive practice” is an arrangement between two or more parties designed to achieve an improper purpose, including to influence improperly the actions of another party.
- d) A “coercive practice” is impairing or harming, or threatening to impair or harm, directly or indirectly, any party or the property of the party to influence improperly the actions of a party.
- e) An “obstructive practice” is (i) deliberately destroying, falsifying, altering or concealing of evidence material to the investigation or making false statements to investigators in order to materially impede a Bank investigation into allegations of a corrupt, fraudulent, coercive or collusive practice; and/or threatening, harassing or intimidating any party to prevent it from disclosing its knowledge of matters relevant to the investigation or from pursuing the investigation, or (ii) acts intended to materially impede the exercise of the Bank’s contractual rights of audit or access to information.¹¹

8. The above practices, as so defined, are referred to collectively and individually in these Guidelines as “Fraud and Corruption”.

Borrower Actions to Prevent and Combat Fraud and Corruption in connection with the Use of Loan Proceeds

9. In furtherance of the above-stated purpose and general principles, the Borrower will:

⁸ Unless otherwise specified in the Legal Agreement, whenever these terms are used in the Legal Agreement, including in the applicable General Conditions, they have the meanings set out in paragraph 7 of these Guidelines.

⁹ Typical examples of corrupt practice include bribery and “kickbacks”.

¹⁰ To act “knowingly or recklessly”, the fraudulent actor must either know that the information or impression being conveyed is false, or be recklessly indifferent as to whether it is true or false. Mere inaccuracy in such information or impression, committed through simple negligence, is not enough to constitute fraudulent practice.

¹¹ Such rights include those provided for, *inter alia*, in paragraph 9(d) of these Guidelines.

- (a) take all appropriate measures to prevent Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of Loan proceeds, including (but not limited to) (i) adopting appropriate fiduciary and administrative practices and institutional arrangements to ensure that the proceeds of the Loan are used only for the purposes for which the Loan was granted, and (ii) ensuring that all of its representatives¹² involved with the project, and all recipients of Loan proceeds with which it enters into an agreement related to the Project, receive a copy of these Guidelines and are made aware of its contents;
- (b) immediately report to the Bank any allegations of Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of Loan proceeds that come to its attention;
- (c) if the Bank determines that any person or entity referred to in (a) above has engaged in Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of Loan proceeds, take timely and appropriate action, satisfactory to the Bank, to address such practices when they occur;
- (d) include such provisions in its agreements with each recipient of Loan proceeds as the Bank may require to give full effect to these Guidelines, including (but not limited to) provisions (i) requiring such recipient to abide by paragraph 10 below; (ii) requiring such recipient to permit the Bank to inspect all accounts, records and other documents relating to the project required to be maintained pursuant to the Legal Agreement, and to have them audited by, or on behalf of, the Bank; (iii) providing for the early termination or suspension by the Borrower of the agreement if such recipient is declared ineligible by the Bank under paragraph 11 below; and (iv) requiring restitution by such recipient of any amount of the loan with respect to which Fraud and Corruption has occurred;
- (e) cooperate fully with representatives of the Bank in any investigation into allegations of Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of Loan proceeds; and
- (f) in the event that the Bank declares any recipient of Loan proceeds ineligible as described in paragraph 11 below, take all necessary and appropriate action to give full effect to such declaration by, among other things, (i) exercising the Borrower's right to terminate early or suspend the agreement between the Borrower and such recipient and/or (ii) seeking restitution.

Other Recipients of Loan Proceeds

10. In furtherance of the above-stated purpose and general principles, each recipient of Loan proceeds which enters into an agreement with the Borrower (or with another recipient of Loan proceeds) relating to the Project will:

- (a) carry out its project-related activities in accordance with the above-stated

¹² References in these Guidelines to "representatives" of an entity also include its officials, officers, employees and agents.

general principles and the provisions of its agreement with the Borrower referred to in paragraph 9(d) above; and include similar provisions in any agreements related to the project into which it may enter with other recipients of Loan proceeds;

(b) immediately report to the Bank any allegations of Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of Loan proceeds that come to its attention;

(c) cooperate fully with representatives of the Bank in any investigation into allegations of Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of Loan proceeds;

(d) take all appropriate measures to prevent Fraud and Corruption by its representatives (if any) in connection with the use of Loan proceeds, including (but not limited to): (i) adopting appropriate fiduciary and administrative practices and institutional arrangements to ensure that the proceeds of the Loan are used only for the purposes for which the Loan was granted, and (ii) ensuring that all its representatives receive a copy of these Guidelines and are made aware of its contents;

(e) in the event that any representative of such recipient is declared ineligible as described in paragraph 11 below, take all necessary and appropriate action to give full effect to such declaration by, among other things, either removing such representative from all duties and responsibilities in connection with the project or, when requested by the Bank or otherwise appropriate, terminating its contractual relationship with such representative; and

(f) in the event that it has entered into a project-related agreement with another person or entity which is declared ineligible as described in paragraph 11 below, take all necessary and appropriate action to give full effect to such declaration by, among other things, (i) exercising its right to terminate early or suspend such agreement, and/or (ii) seeking restitution.

Actions by the Bank in Cases of Fraud and Corruption

11. In furtherance of the above-stated purpose and general principles, the Bank has the right to sanction, in accordance with prevailing World Bank Group sanctions policies and procedures, any individual or entity¹³ other than the Member Country¹⁴, including (but not limited to) declaring such individual or entity ineligible publicly, either indefinitely or for a stated period of time: (i) to be awarded a Bank-financed contract; (ii) to benefit from

¹³ As in the case for bidders in the procurement context, the Bank may also sanction individuals and entities which engage in Fraud or Corruption in the course of applying to become a recipient of Loan proceeds (e.g., a bank which provides false documentation so as to qualify as a financial intermediary in a Bank-financed project) irrespective of whether they are successful.

¹⁴ For purposes of these Guidelines, "Member Country" includes officials and employees of the national government or of any of its political or administrative subdivisions, and government owned enterprises and agencies that are not eligible to compete for and be awarded Bank-financed contracts in accordance with paragraph 3.22 of the World Bank Procurement Regulations for IPF Borrowers.



a Bank-financed contract, financially or otherwise, for example as a sub-contractor; and (iii) to otherwise participate in the preparation or implementation of the project or any other project financed, in whole or in part, by the Bank,

- (a) if at any time the Bank determines¹⁵ that such individual or entity has engaged in Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of Loan proceeds;¹⁶
- (b) if another financier with which the World Bank Group has entered into an agreement for the mutual enforcement of debarment decisions¹⁷ has declared such individual or entity ineligible to receive proceeds of financings made by such financier or otherwise to participate in the preparation or implementation of any project financed in whole or in part by such financier as a result of a determination by such financier that the individual or entity has engaged in Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of the proceeds of a financing made by such financier; or
- (c) if the World Bank Group has found the individual or entity to be a non-responsible vendor on the basis of Fraud and Corruption in connection with World Bank Group corporate procurement.

Miscellaneous

12. The provisions of these Guidelines do not limit any other rights, remedies¹⁸ or obligations of the Bank or the Borrower under the Legal Agreement or any other document to which the Bank and the Borrower are both parties.

¹⁵ The Bank has established a Sanctions Board, and related procedures, for the purpose of making such determinations. The procedures of the Sanctions Board sets forth the full set of sanctions available to the Bank.

¹⁶ The sanction may, without limitation, also include restitution of any amount of the Loan with respect to which Fraud and Corruption has occurred. The World Bank Group may publish the identity of any individual or entity declared ineligible under paragraph 11 of these Guidelines.

¹⁷ Also sometimes referred to as "cross-debarment."

¹⁸ The Legal Agreement provides the Bank with certain rights and remedies which it may exercise with respect to the Loan in the event of Fraud and Corruption in connection with the use of Loan proceeds, in the circumstances described therein.

Beneficial Ownership Disclosure Form

INSTRUCTIONS TO CONSULTANTS: DELETE THIS BOX ONCE YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE FORM

This Beneficial Ownership Disclosure Form ("Form") is to be completed by the successful Consultant. In case of joint venture, the Consultant must submit a separate Form for each member. The beneficial ownership information to be submitted in this Form shall be current as of the date of its submission.

For the purposes of this Form, a Beneficial Owner of a Consultant is any natural person who ultimately owns or controls the Consultant by meeting one or more of the following conditions:

- directly or indirectly holding 25% or more of the shares*
- directly or indirectly holding 25% or more of the voting rights*
- directly or indirectly having the right to appoint a majority of the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the Consultant*

Request for Proposal reference No.: *[insert identification no]*

Name of the Assignment: *[insert name of the assignment]*

To: *[insert complete name of Client]*

In response to your notification of award dated *[insert date of notification of award]* to furnish additional information on beneficial ownership: *[select one option as applicable and delete the options that are not applicable]*

(i) we hereby provide the following beneficial ownership information.

Details of beneficial ownership

Identity of Beneficial Owner	Directly or indirectly holding 25% or more of the shares (Yes / No)	Directly or indirectly holding 25 % or more of the Voting Rights (Yes / No)	Directly or indirectly having the right to appoint a majority of the board of the directors or an equivalent governing body of the Consultant (Yes / No)
<i>[include full name (last, middle, first),</i>			



<i>nationality, country of residence]</i>			
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OR

(ii) *We declare that there is no Beneficial Owner meeting one or more of the following conditions:*

- directly or indirectly holding 25% or more of the shares
- directly or indirectly holding 25% or more of the voting rights
- directly or indirectly having the right to appoint a majority of the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the Consultant

OR

(iii) *We declare that we are unable to identify any Beneficial Owner meeting one or more of the following conditions. [If this option is selected, the Consultant shall provide explanation on why it is unable to identify any Beneficial Owner]*

- directly or indirectly holding 25% or more of the shares
- directly or indirectly holding 25% or more of the voting rights
- directly or indirectly having the right to appoint a majority of the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the Consultant]

Name of the Consultant: **[insert complete name of the Consultant]*_____

Name of the person duly authorized to sign the Proposal on behalf of the Consultant:
***[insert complete name of person duly authorized to sign the Proposal]*_____

Title of the person signing the Proposal: *[insert complete title of the person signing the Proposal]*_____

Signature of the person named above: *[insert signature of person whose name and capacity are shown above]*_____

Date signed *[insert date of signing]* day of *[insert month]*, *[insert year]*_____

* In the case of the Proposal submitted by a Joint Venture specify the name of the Joint Venture as Consultant. In the event that the Consultant is a joint venture, each reference to "Consultant" in the Beneficial Ownership Disclosure Form (including this Introduction thereto) shall be read to refer to the joint venture member.

** Person signing the Proposal shall have the power of attorney given by the Consultant. The power of attorney shall be attached with the Proposal Schedules.

